

Z Power LED - Z5-M4

S1W0-3535xxxx03-00000000-00004





Product Brief

Description

- The Z-Power series is designed for high flux output applications with high current operation capability.
- It incorporates state of the art SMD design and low thermal resistant material.
- The Z Power LED is ideal light sources for directional lighting applications such as Spot Lights, various outdoor applications, automotive lightings and high performance torches.

Features and Benefits

- High Lumen Output and Efficacy
- Designed for high current operation
- Low Thermal Resistance
- ANSI compliant Binning
- Ceramic package

Key Applications

- Architectural
- Industrial
- Outdoor area
- Exterior Lighting
- Commercial

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Table 1. Product Selection (Order Code Table)

| Deference Codes | Color | Nominal CCT | Darf Number | CRI |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----|
| Reference Codez | Color | Nominal CC1 | Part Number | Min |
| | | 6500K | S1W0-3535657003-00000000-00004 | |
| SZ5-M4-W0-C7 | Cool White | 5700K | S1W0-3535577003-00000000-00004 | - |
| | | 5000K | S1W0-3535507003-00000000-00004 | |
| SZ5-M4-WN-C7 | Neutral White | 4000K | S1W0-3535407003-00000000-00004 | 70 |
| | | 3500K | S1W0-3535357003-00000000-00004 | - |
| SZ5-M4-WW-C7 | Warm White | 3000K | S1W0-3535307003-00000000-00004 | - |
| | | 2700K | S1W0-3535277003-00000000-00004 | - |
| | | 6500K | S1W0-3535658003-00000000-00004 | |
| SZ5-M4-W0-C8 | Cool White | 5700K | S1W0-3535578003-00000000-00004 | - |
| | | 5000K | S1W0-3535508003-00000000-00004 | - |
| SZ5-M4-WN-C8 | Neutral White | 4000K | S1W0-3535408003-00000000-00004 | 80 |
| | | 3500K | S1W0-3535358003-00000000-00004 | - |
| SZ5-M4-WW-C8 | Warm White | 3000K | S1W0-3535308003-00000000-00004 | - |
| | | 2700K | S1W0-3535278003-00000000-00004 | - |
| | | 6500K | S1W0-3535659003-00000000-00004 | |
| SZ5-M4-W0-C9 | Cool White | 5700K | S1W0-3535579003-00000000-00004 | 90 |
| | | 5000K | S1W0-3535509003-00000000-00004 | - |



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Performance Characteristics

Table 2. Characteristics

| Parameter | Cumbal | | Unit | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------|---------------------|--------|
| rarameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. ^[3] | Unit |
| Forward Current [1] | l _F | - | 700 | 2000 | mA |
| Forward Voltage (@700mA, 85°C) | V _F | - | - | 2.95 | V |
| Junction Temperature | T _j | - | - | 150 | °C |
| Viewing angle | θ | | 120 | | degree |
| Thermal resistance (J to S) [2] | Rθ _{J-S} | - | 3 | - | K/W |
| ESD Sensitivity(HBM) | | Class 3 | B JEDEC JS-0 | 01-2017 | |

Notes:

- (1) At Junction Temperature 85°C condition.
- (2) $R\theta_{J-S}$ is tested at 700mA.
- (3) It is recommended to use it in the condition that the reliability is secured within the Max value.
- Thermal resistance can be increased substantially depending on the heat sink design/operating condition, and the maximum possible driving current will decrease accordingly.

Fig 1. Color Spectrum

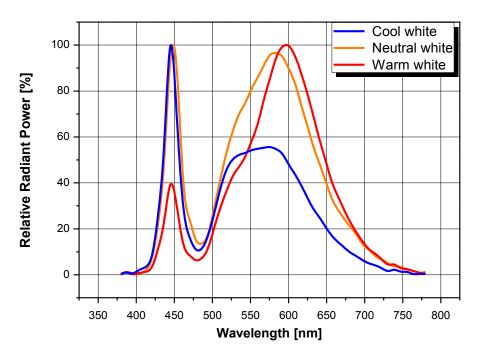


Fig 2. Typical Spatial Distribution

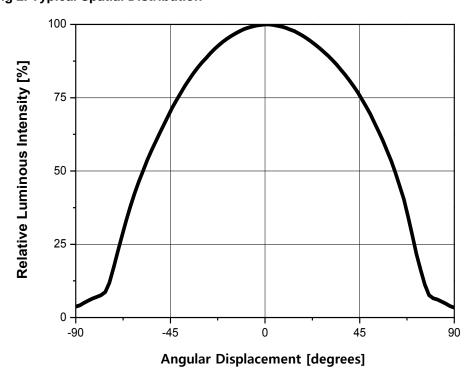


Fig 3. Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current, T_i=85°C

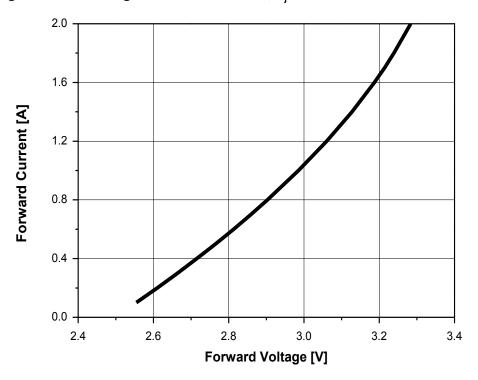


Fig 4. Forward Current vs. Relative Luminous Flux, T_i=85°C

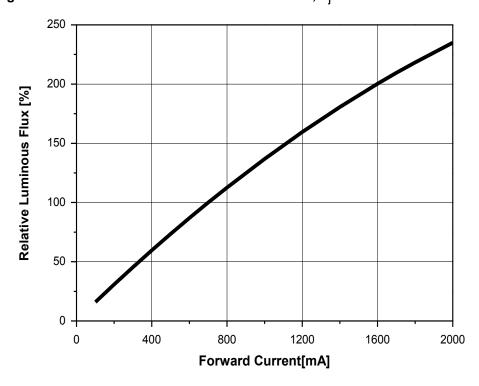


Fig 5. Forward Current vs. CIE X, Y Shift, T_i=85°C

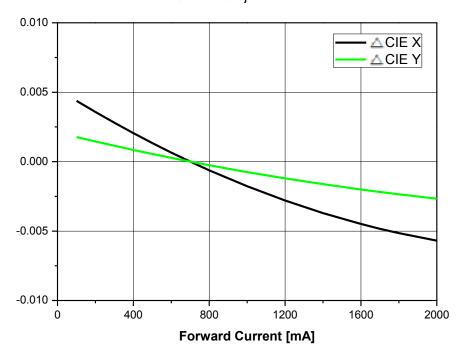


Fig 6. Junction Temp. vs. CIE X, Y Shift, I_F=700mA

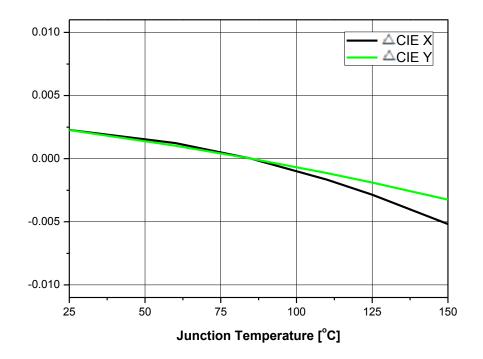


Fig 7. Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature, I_F=700mA

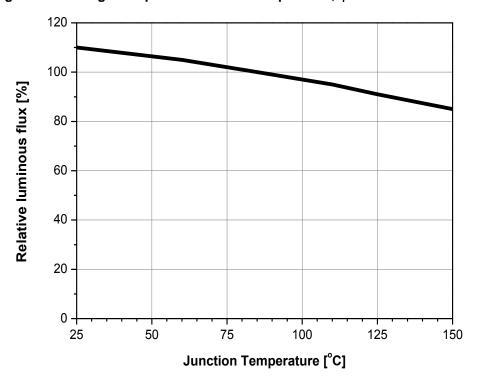


Fig 8. Relative Forward Voltage vs. Junction Temperature, I_F=700mA

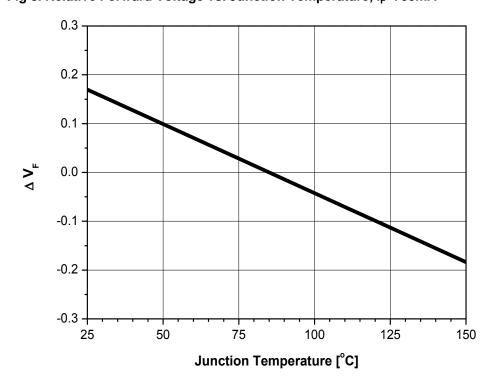
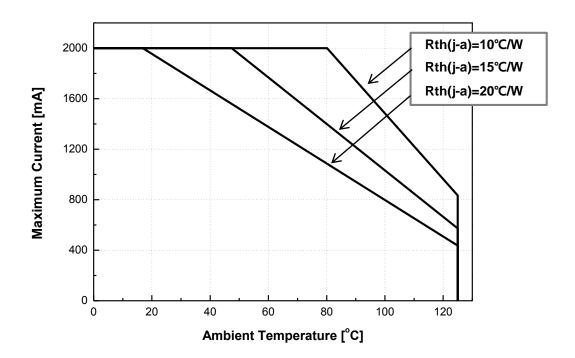


Fig 9. Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature, T_i(max.)=150°C



Color Bin Structure

Table 3. CRI70, Bin Code description, I_F=700mA, T_i=85°C

| Luminous Flux [lm] | | | Typical Forward Voltage [V _F] | | | |
|--------------------|------|------|---|------|------|--|
| Bin Code | Min. | Max. | Bin Code | Min. | Max. | |
| W4 | 285 | 299 | | 2.75 | 0.05 | |
| W5 | 299 | 313 | _ | | | |
| W6 | 313 | 327 | _ | | | |
| W7 | 327 | 340 | — G | | 2.95 | |
| W8 | 340 | 355 | | | | |
| W9 | 355 | 370 | _ | | | |

Table 4. CRI70, Flux Rank Distribution

Available Rank

| сст | CIE | | Flux Rank | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|
| 6000 ~ 7000K | Α | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | | | |
| 5300 ~ 6000K | В | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | | | |
| 4700 ~ 5300K | С | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | | | |
| 3700 ~ 4200K | Е | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | | | |
| 3200 ~ 3700K | F | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | | | |
| 2900 ~ 3200K | G | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | | | |
| 2600 ~ 2900K | Н | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | | | |

Notes: (1) Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.

Color coordinate : ± 0.005 , CCT $\pm 5\%$ tolerance.

- (2) Seoul Semiconductor maintains a tolerance of $\pm 7\%$ on flux and power measurements.
- (3) $\Phi_{\text{V}}\!$ is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- (4) Tolerance is ± 2.0 on CRI measurements.
- (5) Tolerance is $\pm 0.06V$ on forward voltage measurements.

Color Bin Structure

Table 5. CRI80, Bin Code description, I_F=700mA, T_i=85°C

| | Luminous Flux [lm] | | Туріса | Typical Forward Voltage [V _F] | | | |
|----------|--------------------|------|----------|---|------|--|--|
| Bin Code | Min. | Max. | Bin Code | Min. | Max. | | |
| W2 | 254 | 271 | | | | | |
| W3 | 271 | 285 | _ | | | | |
| W4 | 285 | 299 | _ | | | | |
| W5 | 299 | 313 | — G | 2.75 | 2.95 | | |
| W6 | 313 | 327 | _ | | | | |
| W7 | 327 | 340 | _ | | | | |
| W8 | 340 | 340 | _ | | | | |

Table 6. CRI80, Flux Rank Distribution

Available Rank

| ССТ | CIE | | Flux Rank | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|
| 6000 ~ 7000K | Α | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | | | |
| 5300 ~ 6000K | В | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | | | |
| 4700 ~ 5300K | С | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | | | |
| 3700 ~ 4200K | E | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | | | |
| 3200 ~ 3700K | F | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | | | |
| 2900 ~ 3200K | G | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | | | |
| 2600 ~ 2900K | Н | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | | | |

Notes: (1) Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.

Color coordinate : ± 0.005 , CCT $\pm 5\%$ tolerance.

- (2) Seoul Semiconductor maintains a tolerance of $\pm 7\%$ on flux and power measurements.
- (3) $\Phi_{\text{V}}\!$ is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- (4) Tolerance is ± 2.0 on CRI measurements.
- (5) Tolerance is $\pm 0.06V$ on forward voltage measurements.



Color Bin Structure

Table 7. CRI90, Bin Code description, I_F=700mA, T_i=85°C

| | Luminous Flux [lm] | Туріса | Typical Forward Voltage [V _F] | | | |
|----------|--------------------|--------|---|------|------|--|
| Bin Code | Min. | Max. | Bin Code | Min. | Max. | |
| V3 | 223 | 237 | | | | |
| W1 | 237 | 254 | _ | | 2.95 | |
| W2 | 254 | 271 | _ | | | |
| W3 | 271 | 285 | _ | 0.75 | | |
| W4 | 285 | 299 | — G | 2.75 | | |
| W5 | 299 | 313 | _ | | | |
| W6 | 313 | 327 | _ | | | |
| | | | _ | | | |

Table 8. CRI90, Flux Rank Distribution

Available Rank

| ССТ | CIE | | Flux Rank | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| 6000 ~ 7000K | Α | V3 | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | | |
| 5300 ~ 6000K | В | V3 | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | | |
| 4700 ~ 5300K | С | V3 | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | | |

Notes: (1) Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.

Color coordinate : ± 0.005 , CCT $\pm 5\%$ tolerance.

- (2) Seoul Semiconductor maintains a tolerance of $\pm 7\%$ on flux and power measurements.
- (3) $\Phi_{\text{V}}\!$ is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- (4) Tolerance is ± 2.0 on CRI measurements.
- (5) Tolerance is $\pm 0.06V$ on forward voltage measurements.

Performance Characteristics

Table 9. Brightness Groups

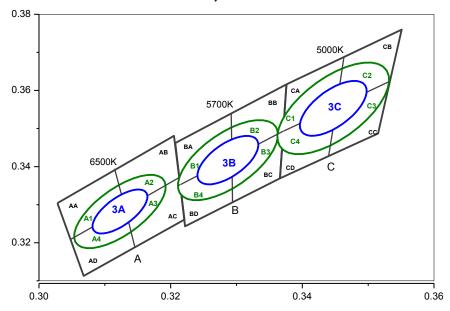
| Part no | CRI | ССТ | Rank | | lux n] | | PF ol/s] | PPF/W [µmol/J] |
|--------------|-----|-------|------|-----|-----------|------|-------------|-------------------|
| | | | | min | max | min | max | typ |
| | | | W6 | 313 | 327 | 4.12 | 4.31 | 1.55 |
| SZ5-M4-W0-C7 | 70 | 5000K | W7 | 327 | 340 | 4.31 | 4.48 | 1.62 |
| | | | W8 | 340 | 355 | 4.48 | 4.67 | 1.68 |
| | | | W6 | 313 | 327 | 4.07 | 4.25 | 1.53 |
| SZ5-M4-WN-C7 | 70 | 4000K | W7 | 327 | 340 | 4.25 | 4.42 | 1.60 |
| | | | W8 | 340 | 355 | 4.42 | 4.61 | 1.66 |
| | | | W4 | 285 | 299 | 3.77 | 3.96 | 1.42 |
| SZ5-M4-WW-C7 | 70 | 3000K | W5 | 299 | 313 | 3.96 | 4.14 | 1.49 |
| | | | W6 | 313 | 327 | 4.14 | 4.33 | 1.56 |
| | | | W5 | 299 | 313 | 4.07 | 4.26 | 1.53 |
| SZ5-M4-W0-C8 | 80 | 5000K | W6 | 313 | 327 | 4.26 | 4.45 | 1.60 |
| | | | W7 | 327 | 340 | 4.45 | 4.62 | 1.67 |
| | | | W5 | 299 | 313 | 4.07 | 4.33 | 1.54 |
| SZ5-M4-WN-C8 | 80 | 4000K | W6 | 313 | 327 | 4.33 | 4.53 | 1.62 |
| | | | W7 | 327 | 340 | 4.53 | 4.71 | 1.70 |
| | | | W4 | 285 | 299 | 3.80 | 3.99 | 1.43 |
| SZ5-M4-WW-C8 | 80 | 3000K | W5 | 299 | 313 | 3.99 | 4.17 | 1.50 |
| | | | W6 | 313 | 327 | 4.17 | 4.36 | 1.57 |

Notes: (1) Seoul Semiconductor maintains a tolerance of $\pm 7\%$ on flux and power measurements.

(2) Photosynthetic Photon Flux includes wavelengths between 400 and 700 nm

Color Bin Structure

CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Cool white), T_i=85°C, I_F=700mA

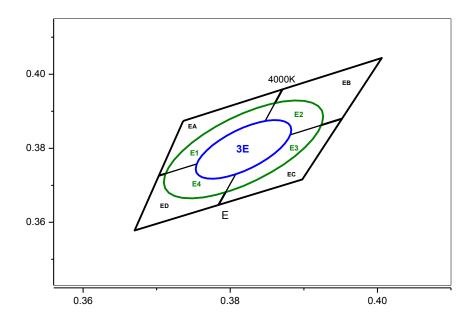


| 6500 | K 3Step | 5700 | K 3Step | 5000K 3Step | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 3A | | 3B | 3C | | |
| Center point | 0.3123 : 0.3282 | Center point | 0.3287 : 0.3417 | Center point | 0.3447 : 0.3553 | |
| Major Axis a | 0.0066 | Major Axis a | 0.0072 | Major Axis a | 0.0081 | |
| Minor Axis b | 0.0027 | Minor Axis b | 0.0032 | Minor Axis b | 0.0035 | |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle | 58 | Ellipse Rotation Angle | 59 | Ellipse Rotation Angle | 60 | |
| 6500 | K 5Step | 57001 | K 5Step | 5000K 5Step | | |
| | 5A | | 5B | 5C | | |
| Center point | 0.3123 : 0.3282 | Center point | 0.3287 : 0.3417 | Center point | 0.3447 : 0.3553 | |
| Major Axis a | 0.0110 | Major Axis a | 0.0119 | Major Axis a | 0.0135 | |
| Minor Axis b | 0.0045 | Minor Axis b | 0.0052 | Minor Axis b | 0.0059 | |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle | 58 | Ellipse Rotation Angle | 59 | Ellipse Rotation Angle | 60 | |

| Α | Α | А | В | Α | C | A | D |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| CIE X | CIE Y |
| 0.3028 | 0.3304 | 0.3115 | 0.3393 | 0.3131 | 0.3290 | 0.3048 | 0.3209 |
| 0.3048 | 0.3209 | 0.3131 | 0.3290 | 0.3146 | 0.3187 | 0.3068 | 0.3113 |
| 0.3131 | 0.329 | 0.3213 | 0.3371 | 0.3221 | 0.3261 | 0.3146 | 0.3187 |
| 0.3115 | 0.3393 | 0.3205 | 0.3481 | 0.3213 | 0.3371 | 0.3131 | 0.329 |
| В | A | В | В | В | C | В | D |
| CIE X | CIE Y |
| 0.3207 | 0.3462 | 0.3292 | 0.3539 | 0.3293 | 0.3423 | 0.3215 | 0.3353 |
| 0.3215 | 0.3353 | 0.3293 | 0.3423 | 0.3294 | 0.3306 | 0.3222 | 0.3243 |
| 0.3293 | 0.3423 | 0.3371 | 0.3493 | 0.3366 | 0.3369 | 0.3294 | 0.3306 |
| 0.3292 | 0.3539 | 0.3376 | 0.3616 | 0.3371 | 0.3493 | 0.3293 | 0.3423 |
| С | A | С | В | C | C | С | D |
| CIE X | CIE Y |
| 0.3376 | 0.3616 | 0.3463 | 0.3687 | 0.3452 | 0.3558 | 0.3371 | 0.3493 |
| 0.3371 | 0.3493 | 0.3452 | 0.3558 | 0.344 | 0.3428 | 0.3366 | 0.3369 |
| 0.3452 | 0.3558 | 0.3533 | 0.3624 | 0.3514 | 0.3487 | 0.344 | 0.3428 |
| 0.3463 | 0.3687 | 0.3551 | 0.376 | 0.3533 | 0.3624 | 0.3452 | 0.3558 |

Color Bin Structure

CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Neutral White), T_i=85°C, I_F=700mA



4000K 3Step

| 3E | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Center point | 0.3818 : 0.3797 | | | | | |
| Major Axis a | 0.0094 | | | | | |
| Minor Axis b | 0.0041 | | | | | |
| Ellipse | FO 4 | | | | | |
| Rotation Angle | 53.4 | | | | | |

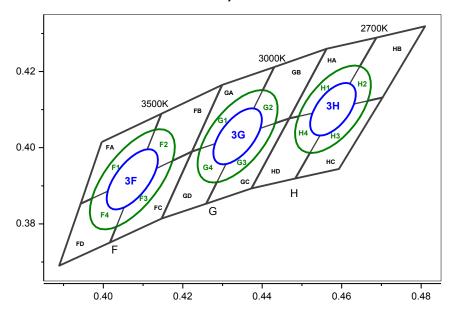
4000K 5Step

| 5E | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Center point | 0.3818 : 0.3797 | | | | | |
| Major Axis a | 0.0157 | | | | | |
| Minor Axis b | 0.0067 | | | | | |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle | 53 | | | | | |

| E | A | E | В | E | c | E | D |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| CIE X | CIE Y |
| 0.3736 | 0.3874 | 0.3871 | 0.3959 | 0.3828 | 0.3803 | 0.3703 | 0.3726 |
| 0.3703 | 0.3726 | 0.3828 | 0.3803 | 0.3784 | 0.3647 | 0.3670 | 0.3578 |
| 0.3828 | 0.3803 | 0.3952 | 0.3880 | 0.3898 | 0.3716 | 0.3784 | 0.3647 |
| 0.3871 | 0.3959 | 0.4006 | 0.4044 | 0.3952 | 0.3880 | 0.3828 | 0.3803 |

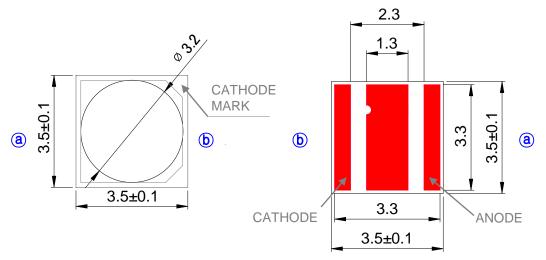
Color Bin Structure

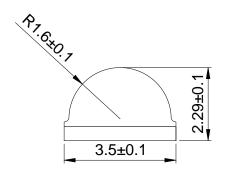
CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Warm White), T_i=85°C, I_F=700mA

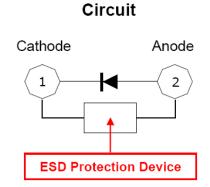


| Center point | 3500 | 3500K 3Step 3000K 3Step | | 2 | 2700K 3Step | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------------------|--------|--------------|-----------------|------------|---------|--------------|
| Major Axis a 0.0093 Major Axis a 0.0086 Major Axis a 0.0080 Minor Axis b 0.0042 Minor Axis b 0.0042 Minor Axis b 0.0041 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 ST SG SH Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Center point O.4338 : 0.4030 Center point O.4578 : 0.4101 Major Axis a 0.0155 Major Axis a 0.0142 Major Axis a 0.0132 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Rotation Angle 54 Rotation Angle FD FA FB FC CIE Y CIE Y CIE Y CIE Y 0.3996 0.4015 0.4146 0.4089 0.4082 0.3920 0.3943 0.3853 0.3943 0.3853 0.4082 0.3920 0.4147 0.3814 0.4017 0.3751 0.4146 0.4089 0.4299 0.4165 <th></th> <th>3F</th> <th></th> <th colspan="2">3G</th> <th colspan="3">3H</th> | | 3F | | 3 G | | 3H | | |
| Minor Axis b 0.0042 Ellipse Rotation Angle Minor Axis b Rotation Angle 0.0042 Ellipse Rotation Angle Minor Axis b Rotation Angle 0.0041 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Step 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 55 56 60 <th< td=""><td>Center point</td><td>0.4073 :</td><td>0.3917</td><td>Center point</td><td>0.4338 : 0.4030</td><td>Center po</td><td>int 0.4</td><td>578 : 0.4101</td></th<> | Center point | 0.4073 : | 0.3917 | Center point | 0.4338 : 0.4030 | Center po | int 0.4 | 578 : 0.4101 |
| Ellipse | Major Axis a | 0.00 | 93 | Major Axis a | 0.0086 | Major Axis | s a | 0.0080 |
| Rotation Angle S4 | | 0.00 | 42 | | 0.0042 | | | 0.0041 |
| 5F 5G 5H 5D 5H 5H 5H 5D 5H 5D 5H 5D 5D Center point 0.4578 : 0.4101 Major Axis a 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Ellipse Rotation Angle Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 The Type Type Type Type Type Type Type Typ | | 54 | | | 54 | | | 54 |
| Center point 0.4073 : 0.3917 Center point 0.4338 : 0.4030 Center point 0.4578 : 0.4101 Major Axis a 0.0155 Major Axis a 0.0142 Major Axis a 0.0132 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 FR FB FC FD CIE X CIE Y | 3500 | K 5Step | | 3000 | K 5Step | 2 | 700K 59 | Step |
| Major Axis a 0.0155 Major Axis a 0.0142 Major Axis a 0.0132 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 FD CIE X CIE Y CIE X CIE X CIE X CIE X CIE X CIE X CIE Y | | 5F | | | 5G | | 5H | |
| Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Minor Axis b 0.0068 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 FD CIE X CIE Y 0.3920 0.3943 0.3853 0.3853 0.4082 0.3920 0.4017 0.3751 0.3889 0.3690 0.4082 0.3920 0.4147 0.3814 0.4017 0.3751 0.3853 0.3690 0.4146 0.4089 0.4299 0.4165 0.4223 0.3990 0.4082 0.3920 0.4223 0.3990 0.4082 0.3920 0.4082 0.3920 0.4082 0.4082 0.3920 | Center point | 0.4073 : | 0.3917 | Center point | 0.4338 : 0.4030 | Center po | int 0.4 | 578 : 0.4101 |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 Ellipse Rotation Angle 54 FA FB FC FD CIE X CIE Y CIE X CIE Y CIE X CIE Y CIE X CIE Y CIE X CIE Y CIE X <td>Major Axis a</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>55</td> <td>Major Axis a</td> <td>0.0142</td> <td>Major Axis</td> <td>s a</td> <td>0.0132</td> | Major Axis a | 0.01 | 55 | Major Axis a | 0.0142 | Major Axis | s a | 0.0132 |
| Rotation Angle S4 Rotation Angle S4 Rotation Angle S4 FB FC FD CIE X CIE Y CIE X CIE Y CIE X CIE Y CIE Y CIE Y CIE Y CIE X CIE Y CIE | Minor Axis b | 0.00 | 68 | Minor Axis b | 0.0068 | Minor Axis | s b | 0.0068 |
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| | 0.4687 | 0.4289 | 0.48 | 1 0.4319 | 0.4703 | 0.4132 | 0.4585 | 0.4104 |

Mechanical Dimensions





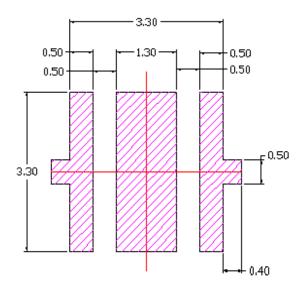


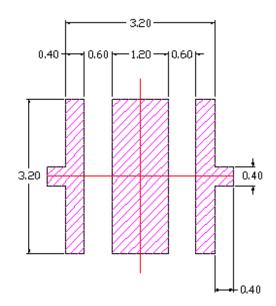
(1) All dimensions are in millimeters.

(2) Scale: none

(3) Undefined tolerance is $\pm 0.1 \text{mm}$

Recommended Solder Pad





Recommended PCB Solder Pad

Recommended Stencil Pattern

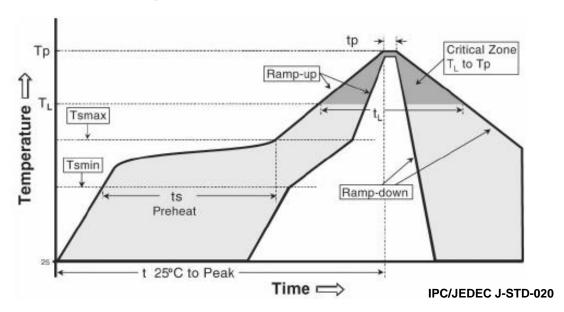
(1) All dimensions are in millimeters.

(2) Scale: none

(3) This drawing without tolerances are for reference only.

(4) Undefined tolerance is ± 0.1 mm.

Reflow Soldering Characteristics

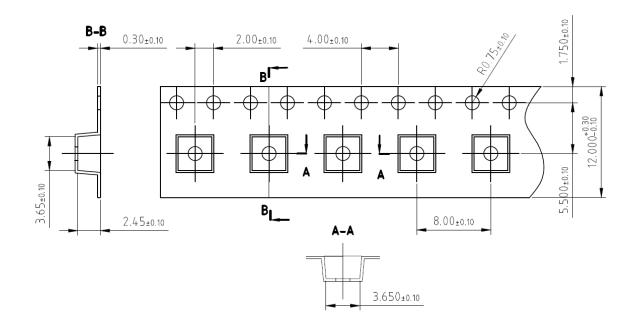


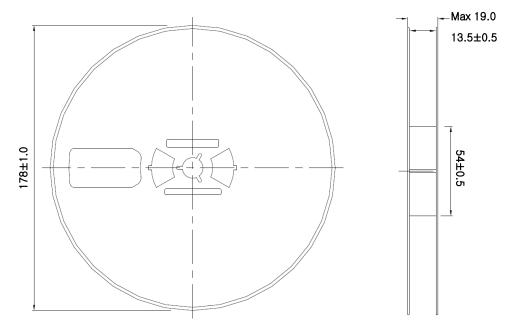
| Profile Feature | Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly | Pb-Free Assembly |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Average ramp-up rate (Tsmax to Tp) | 3° C/second max. | 3° C/second max. |
| Preheat - Temperature Min (Tsmin) - Temperature Max (Tsmax) - Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) (ts) | 100 °C 150 °C 60-120 seconds | 150 °C 200 °C 60-180 seconds |
| Time maintained above: - Temperature (TL) - Time (tL) | 183 °C 60-150 seconds | 217 °C 60-150 seconds |
| Peak Temperature (Tp) | 215℃ | 260 °C |
| Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature (tp)2 | 10-30 seconds | 20-40 seconds |
| Ramp-down Rate | 6 °C/second max. | 6 °C/second max. |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature | 6 minutes max. | 8 minutes max. |

Caution

- (1) Reflow soldering is recommended not to be done more than two times. In the case of more than 24 hours passed soldering after first, LEDs will be damaged.
- (2) Repairs should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repair is unavoidable, suitable tools must be used.
- (3) Die slug is to be soldered.
- (4) When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- (5) After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

Emitter Tape & Reel Packaging



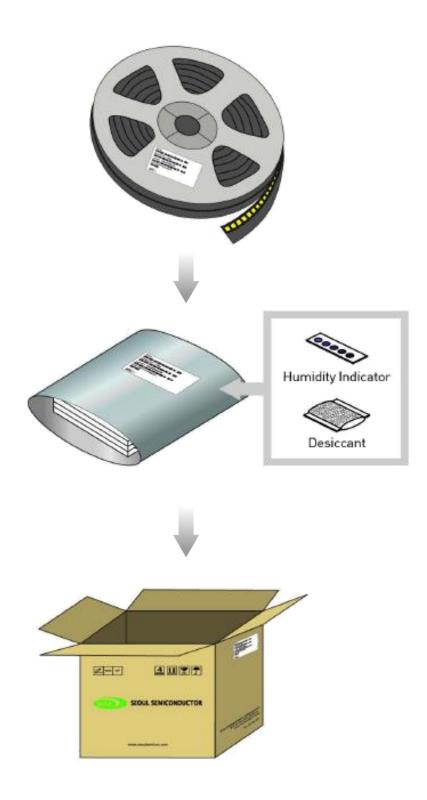


Notes:

UNIT: mm

- 1. Quantity: 900pcs/Reel
- 2. Cumulative Tolerance : Cumulative Tolerance/10 pitches to be ± 0.2 mm
- 3. Adhesion Strength of Cover Tape: Adhesion strength to be 10-60g when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at the angle of 10° to the carrier tape
- 4. Package : P/N, Manufacturing data Code No. and quantity to be indicated on a damp proof Package

Packaging Information



Product Nomenclature

Table 10. Part Numbering System:

| Part Number Code | Description | Part Number | Value |
|---|---|-------------|---------------------|
| X ₁ | Company | S | Seoul Semiconductor |
| X ₂ | Level of Integration | 1 | Discrete LED |
| X ₃ X ₄ | Technology | W0 | General White |
| X ₅ X ₆ X ₇ X ₈ | Dimension | 3535 | |
| X ₉ X ₁₀ | CCT | 40 | |
| X ₁₁ X ₁₂ | CRI | 70 | |
| X ₁₃ X ₁₄ | Vf | 03 | |
| X ₁₅ X ₁₆ X ₁₇ | Characteristic code Flux Rank | 000 | |
| X ₁₈ X ₁₉ X ₂₀ | Characteristic code Vf Rank | 000 | |
| X ₂₁ X ₂₂ | Characteristic code Color Step | 00 | |
| X ₂₃ X ₂₄ | Туре | 00 | |
| X ₂₅ X ₂₆ X ₂₇ | X ₂₅ X ₂₆ X ₂₇ Internal code | | Z5M4 |

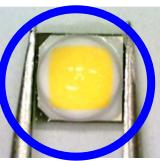


Handling of Silicone Resin for LEDs

(1) During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound.







- (2) In general, LED should only be handled from the side. By the way, this also applies to LED without a silicone sealant, since the surface can also become scratched.
- (3) When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the surface of the resin must be prevented. This is assured by choosing a pick and place nozzle which is larger than the LED's reflector area.
- (4) Silicone differs from materials conventionally used for the manufacturing of LEDs. These conditions must be considered during the handling of such devices. Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust. As mentioned previously, the increased sensitivity to dust requires special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components.
- (5) Seoul Semiconductor suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause damage to the LED.
- (6) Please do not mold this product into another resin (epoxy, urethane, etc) and do not handle this product with acid or sulfur material in sealed space.
- (7) Avoid leaving fingerprints on silicone resin parts.

Precaution for Use

(1) Storage

To avoid the moisture penetration, we recommend storing LED in a dry box with a desiccant. The recommended storage temperature range is 5°C to 30°C and a maximum humidity of RH50%.

(2) Use Precaution after Opening the Packaging

Use SMD techniques properly when solder the LED as separation of the lens may affect the light output efficiency.

Pay attention to the following:

- a. Recommend conditions after opening the package
 - Sealing / Temperature : 5 ~ 30°C Humidity : less than RH60%
- b. If the package has been opened more than 4 weeks (MSL 2a) or the color of the desiccant changes, components should be dried for 10-24hr at $65\pm5^{\circ}$ C
- (3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- (4) Do not rapidly cool device after soldering.
- (5) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB.
- (6) Radioactive exposure is not considered for the products listed here in.
- (7) Gallium arsenide is used in some of the products listed in this publication. These products are dangerous if they are burned or shredded in the process of disposal. It is also dangerous to drink the liquid or inhale the gas generated by such products when chemically disposed of.
- (8) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When washing is required, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) should be used.
- (9) When the LED are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature.
- (10) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.
- (11) Long time exposure of sunlight or occasional UV exposure will cause lens discoloration.



Precaution for Use

(12) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LED and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues.

- (13) Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor.
- (14) The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF. If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage.
- (15) LED is sensitive to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) and Electrical Over Stress (EOS). Below is a list of suggestions that Seoul Semiconductor purposes to minimize these effects.
- a. ESD (Electro Static Discharge)

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is the defined as the release of static electricity when two objects come into contact. While most ESD events are considered harmless, it can be an expensive problem in many industrial environments during production and storage. The damage from ESD to an LED may c ause the product to demonstrate unusual characteristics such as:

- Increase in reverse leakage current lowered turn-on voltage
- Abnormal emissions from the LED at low current

The following recommendations are suggested to help minimize the potential for an ESD event. One or more recommended work area suggestions:

- Ionizing fan setup
- ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- ESD safe storage containers

One or more personnel suggestion options:

- Antistatic wrist-strap
- Antistatic material shoes
- Antistatic clothes

Environmental controls:

- Humidity control (ESD gets worse in a dry environment)



Precaution for Use

b. EOS (Electrical Over Stress)

Electrical Over-Stress (EOS) is defined as damage that may occur when an electronic device is subjected to a current or voltage that is beyond the maximum specification limits of the device. The effects from an EOS event can be noticed through product performance like:

- Changes to the performance of the LED package (If the damage is around the bond pad area and since the package is completely encapsulated the package may turn on but flicker show severe performance degradation.)
- Changes to the light output of the luminaire from component failure
- Components on the board not operating at determined drive power

Failure of performance from entire fixture due to changes in circuit voltage and current across total circuit causing trickle down failures. It is impossible to predict the failure mode of every LED exposed to electrical overstress as the failure modes have been investigated to vary, but there are some common signs that will indicate an EOS event has occurred:

- Damaged may be noticed to the bond wires (appearing similar to a blown fuse)
- Damage to the bond pads located on the emission surface of the LED package (shadowing can be noticed around the bond pads while viewing through a microscope)
- Anomalies noticed in the encapsulation and phosphor around the bond wires.
- This damage usually appears due to the thermal stress produced during the EOS event.
- c. To help minimize the damage from an EOS event Seoul Semiconductor recommends utilizing:
 - A surge protection circuit
 - An appropriately rated over voltage protection device
 - A current limiting device



Company Information

Published by

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Company Information

Seoul Semiconductor (www.SeoulSemicon.com) manufacturers and packages a wide selection of light emitting diodes (LEDs) for the automotive, general illumination/lighting, Home appliance, signage and back lighting markets. The company is the world's fifth largest LED supplier, holding more than 10,000 patents globally, while offering a wide range of LED technology and production capacity in areas such as "nPola", "Acrich", the world's first commercially produced AC LED, and "Acrich MJT - Multi-Junction Technology" a proprietary family of high-voltage LEDs.

The company's broad product portfolio includes a wide array of package and device choices such as Acrich and Acirch2, high-brightness LEDs, mid-power LEDs, side-view LEDs, and through-hole type LEDs as well as custom modules, displays, and sensors.

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